





1. What is the new legislation?

- 2. What is PPDS?
- 3. What is the current definition of PPDS?
- 4. What is the definition of PPDS from 1st October 2021?
- 5. How to decide what requires PPDS labelling
- 6. Examples of what is and isn't PPDS
- 7. What is in your label and how it should look
 - Name of the food
 - Ingredients
 - How labels are presented

What is the new legislation?

From 1st October 2021, PPDS (Prepacked for direct sale) food must display the following information, either on the package or on a label attached to the package:

The allergens within the food must be emphasised every time they appear in the ingredients list. For example, the allergens in the food can be listed in CAPITALS, **bold**, in **contrasting** colours or <u>underlined</u>.

• The name of the food and;

• An ingredients list including the 14 mandatory allergens (hereafter referred to as allergens)





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Food that is packed before being offered for sale by the same food business to the final consumer:

- ii. On the same site*; or

It does not include food packed at a consumer's request, food not in packaging or food in packaging that can be altered without opening or changing the packaging.

What is PPDS?

Food that is **Prepacked for Direct Sale**

i. On the same premises; or

iii. On other premises if the food is offered for sale from a moveable and/or temporary premises (such as marquees, market stalls, mobile sales vehicles) if the food is offered for sale by the same food business who packed it.





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Prepacked food



Food packed by one business and supplied to another business or packed by the same business at a different site.

What is the current definition of PPDS?



Prepacked for direct sale (PPDS) food



Food which is packaged at the same place it is offered or sold to consumers and is in this packaging before it is ordered or selected.

Non-prepacked food



Any food that is not in packaging or is packaged after being ordered by the consumer.



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Prepacked food



Food packed by one business and supplied to by the same business at a different site.

What is the definition of PPDS from 1st October 2021?



another business or packed

Prepacked for direct sale (PPDS) food



Food which is packaged at the same place it is offered or sold to consumers and is in this packaging before it is ordered or selected.

Non-prepacked food



Any food that is not in packaging or is packaged after being ordered by the consumer.



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Decision tree

Is the food presented to the NO customer in packaging? Non-prepacked food YES Is it packaged before the NO customer selects or orders it? Non-prepacked food YES NO Is it packaged at the same place it is sold? Prepacked food YES If all three answers are 'YES' food will require PPDS labelling

5 How to decide what requires **PPDS** labelling





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6 Examples of what is and isn't PPDS

The following are examples of what foods are PPDS:

- Sandwiches packaged by the food business and sold or offered from the same premises
- Fast food which is wrapped or packaged before a customer selects or orders it
- Bakery products which are packaged before a customer selects them
- Supermarket products which are produced and packaged in store, such as pizza, rotisserie chicken, pre-weighed and packed cheese and meats and baked products

Examples of what foods are not PPDS:

- Food not in packaging (loose)
- Pre packed food (packaged at a different premises)
- Food packaged at the customer's request
- Distance sales (e.g. foods ordered online)





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What is in your label and how it should look

Name of the food

- Must be descriptive and inform the customer of the true nature of the food
- Customary names which are commonly understood can be used, such as 'BLT sandwich'
- Where names are prescribed in law they must be used. This mainly applies to food containing certain seafood, fish and meat ingredients

Source: information courtesy of the Food Standards Agency





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What is in your label and how it should look

Ingredients

• The list of ingredients shall be headed by a suitable heading which consists of or includes the word 'ingredients'

• It shall include all the ingredients of the food, in descending order of weight, as recorded at the time of their use in the manufacture of the food

• If the product contains any of the 14 allergens they must be clearly highlighted on the listed ingredients

• They can be in **bold type**, CAPITAL letters, **contrasting** colours or <u>underlined</u>. Alternative allergen statements, such as 'Contains: wheat, egg and milk' are not permitted





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What is in your label and how it should look

How labels are presented

- The information must appear on the package or on a label attached to the package
- Must be easily visible and clearly legible
- On the out in any way
- Must not be difficult to read due to poor lettering or colour contrast
- The ingredient list has to be a minimum font size where x-height is 1.2mm or more. If products have a packaging surface less than 80 cm2, in which case the x-height can be reduced to 0.9mm
- Labels can be handwritten as long as they meet the requirements of being easily visible and clearly legible

• On the outside of the product and not obscured

CHEESE AND PICKLE SANDWICH

Mature Cheddar cheese, pickle and butter in sliced malted bread

INGREDIENTS: Malted bread (fortified wheat flour (wheat flour, calcium, carbonate, iron, niacin, thiamine), water, malted wheat flakes, wheat bran, wheat protein, yeast, malted barley flour, salt, emulsifiers (mono- and diglycerides of fatty acids, mono- and diacetyl tartaric acid esters of mono- and diglycerides of fatty acids), spirit vinegar, malted wheat flour, rapeseed oil, flour treatment agent (ascorbic acid, palm fat, wheat flour, palm oil, wheat starch), mature Cheddar cheese (milk), pickle malt vinegar, water, sport vinegar, apple pulp, dates, salt, modified maize starch, rice flour, colour (sulphite ammonia caramel), onion powder, concentrated lemon juice, spices, spice and her extracts, butter (milk).





More information

FSA's Introduction to allergen labelling

FSA's Allergen & Ingredients Food Labelling Decision Tool

FSA's Food Allergen Labelling Technical Guidance

About Access Hospitality

Access Hospitality is an established software solutions provider to the sector. Its unique proposition within Access Workspace for Hospitality, which powers all its solutions with intuitive apps and analytic functionality, surfaces key data and speeds up everyday tasks to ultimately improve company performance. Access Hospitality's best-of-breed products, including

EPoS, CRM, reservations, ticketing, training, property maintenance, people management and finance solutions all sit within Access Workspace for Hospitality; and are designed to support multi-site hospitality pub and bar, restaurant, food-to-go, hotel and leisure operators.

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